## **English Standards of Learning Curriculum Framework**

DRAFT Grade Nine



Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Education Richmond, Virginia 2003 At the ninth-grade level, students will develop interpersonal communication skills as well as those skills required for more formal public speaking opportunities. They will present and critique dramatic readings of literary selections and will continue to develop proficiency in making planned oral presentations. Students will apply grammatical conventions in writing and speaking.

Standard 9.1 Strand: Oral Language Grade Level 9

- 9.1 The student will plan, present, and critique dramatic readings of literary selections.
  - a) Choose a literary form for presentation, such as poems, monologues, scenes from plays, or stories.
  - b) Adapt presentation techniques to fit literary form.
  - c) Use verbal and nonverbal techniques for presentation.
  - d) Evaluate impact of presentation.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
<ul> <li>Students should select, plan, make, and critique dramatic readings of literary selections.</li> <li>Students may develop characters by using appropriate dialects.</li> <li>Students may use costumes and props to enhance dramatic scenes.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All students should</li> <li>understand that verbal techniques include but are not limited to appropriate tone, diction, articulation, clarity, type and rate of delivery, and the use of pauses for emphasis</li> <li>understand that nonverbal techniques include but are not limited to eye contact, facial expressions, gestures, and stance.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To be successful with this standard, students are expected to</li> <li>participate in dialogue scenes from plays, dramatic readings from short stories and/or novels, and perform interpretations of poetry</li> <li>use verbal and nonverbal techniques</li> <li>analyze and critique the effectiveness of the speaker's or group's demeanor, voice, language, gestures, clarity of thought, organization of evidence, relevance of information, and delivery</li> <li>analyze and critique the relationship among purpose, audience, and content of presentations</li> <li>evaluate the impact of the presentations</li> <li>evaluate the effectiveness of verbal and nonverbal techniques.</li> </ul>

Standard 9.2 Strand: Oral Language Grade Level 9

- 9.2 The student will make planned oral presentations.
  - a) Include definitions to increase clarity.
  - b) Use relevant details to support main ideas.
  - c) Illustrate main ideas through anecdotes and examples.
  - d) Cite information sources.
  - e) Make impromptu responses to questions about presentation.
  - f) Use grammatically correct language including, vocabulary appropriate to topic, audience, and purpose.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
Students will make planned oral presentations that are at least three to five minutes in duration.	All students should  • define technical and specialized language to help the audience understand the content of their oral presentations  • cite information sources  • respond clearly and informatively to audience's questions about their oral presentations.	<ul> <li>To be successful with this standard, students are expected to</li> <li>include details, such as facts, statistics, quotations, information from interviews and surveys, and pertinent information discovered during research, to support the main ideas of their oral presentations</li> <li>use examples from their knowledge and experience to support the main ideas of their oral presentations</li> <li>give credit in their oral presentations to authors, researchers, and interviewers by citing titles of articles, magazines, newspapers, books, documents, and other reference materials used in presentations</li> <li>use grammar and vocabulary appropriate for situation, audience, topic, and purpose.</li> </ul>

At the ninth-grade level, students will apply knowledge of literary terms and forms to their reading and writing and to analyses of literature and other printed materials. They will be introduced to literary works from a variety of cultures and eras. Students will continue to develop their reading comprehension skills through utilizing strategies to identify formats, text structure, and main idea.

- 9.3 The student will read and analyze a variety of literature.
  - a) Identify format, text structure, and main idea.
  - b) Identify the characteristics that distinguish literary forms.
  - c) Use literary terms in describing and analyzing selections.
  - d) Explain the relationships between and among elements of literature: characters, plot, setting, tone, point of view, and theme.

**Strand: Reading Analysis** 

- e) Explain the relationship between author's style and literary effect.
- f) Describe the use of images and sounds to elicit the reader's emotions.
- g) Explain the influence of historical context on the form, style, and point of view of a written work.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
<ul> <li>Strategies for reading should be used to develop reading comprehension skills. Students will apply a process for reading as they analyze a variety of literature. They will study classical and contemporary selections that represent literary forms.</li> <li>Students will enhance their understanding of the characteristics of various literary forms through the reading and analyses of a variety of genres, such as poetry, prose, essays, short stories, historical fiction, and nonfiction.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All students should</li> <li>understand the relationships between and among the elements of literature and how these elements work together to create effective literary selections</li> <li>understand the relationship between an author's style and literary effect</li> <li>understand how authors are often influenced either consciously or unconsciously by the ideas and values of the times in which they live</li> </ul>	To be successful with this standard, stude nts are expected to  • identify the differing characteristics that distinguish the literary forms of  - narrative: short story, anecdote, character sketch, fable, le gend, myth, tall tale, allegory, biography, autobiography, novel  - poetry: epic, ballad, sonnet, lyric, elegy, ode  - drama: comedy, tragedy  - essay: editorial, journal/diary, informative/explanatory, analytical, speech  • explain the relationships between and among the elements of literature, such as characters, plot, setting, tone, point of view (first person, third person limited, and third person omniscient), and theme

Standard 9.3 continued Strand: Reading Analysis Grade Level 9

- 9.3 The student will read and analyze a variety of literature.
  - a) Identify format, text structure, and main idea.
  - b) Identify the characteristics that distinguish literary forms.
  - c) Use literary terms in describing and analyzing selections.
  - d) Explain the relationships between and among elements of literature: characters, plot, setting, tone, point of view, and theme.
  - e) Explain the relationship between author's style and literary effect.
  - f) Describe the use of images and sounds to elicit the reader's emotions.
  - g) Explain the influence of historical context on the form, style, and point of view of a written work.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
	All students should  • understand author's use of figurative language to create images.	To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  • identify types of figurative language  - metaphor  - simile  - analogy  - symbolism  - personification  - paradox  - oxymoron  - apostrophe  - allusion  - imagery  - dialect  - pun  - understatement  continued

- 9.3 The student will read and analyze a variety of literature.
  - a) Identify format, text structure, and main idea.
  - b) Identify the characteristics that distinguish literary forms.
  - c) Use literary terms in describing and analyzing selections.
  - d) Explain the relationships between and among elements of literature: characters, plot, setting, tone, point of view, and theme.
  - e) Explain the relationship between author's style and literary effect.
  - f) Describe the use of images and sounds to elicit the reader's emotions.
  - g) Explain the influence of historical context on the form, style, and point of view of a written work.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
	• understand author's use of structuring techniques to present literary content.	To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  • identify and analyze an author's use of diction (word choice) to convey ideas and content.  - rhetorical question  - cliché  - connotation  - denotation  - hyperbole  - irony  - dramatic  - situational  - verbal  - dialect  - pun  - understatement  • identify structuring techniques  - dialogue  - foreshadowing  - flashback  continued

- 9.3 The student will read and analyze a variety of literature.
  - a) Identify the characteristics that distinguish literary forms.
  - b) Use literary terms in describing and analyzing selections.
  - c) Explain the relations hips between and among elements of literature: characters, plot, setting, tone, point of view, and theme.
  - d) Explain the relationship between author's style and literary effect.
  - e) Describe the use of images and sounds to elicit the reader's emotions.
  - f) Explain the influence of historical context on the form, style, and point of view of a written work.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
	All students should  • understand author's use of structuring techniques to present literary content.	To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  • identify and analyze an author's use of structuring techniques to present literary content.  - soliloquy - stanza forms - couplet - quatrain - sestet - octet (octave) - verse - plot - setting - theme - protagonist - point of view - speaker - narrator continued

Standard 9.3 continued Strand: Reading Analysis Grade Level 9

- 9.3 The student will read and analyze a variety of literature.
  - a) Identify the characteristics that distinguish literary forms.
  - b) Use literary terms in describing and analyzing selections.
  - c) Explain the relationships between and among elements of literature: characters, plot, setting, tone, point of view, and theme.
  - d) Explain the relationship between author's style and literary effect.
  - e) Describe the use of images and sounds to elicit the reader's emotions.
  - f) Explain the influence of historical context on the form, style, and point of view of a written work.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
	All students should     understand the techniques an author uses to convey information about a character     understand a character's development in a text.	To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  • analyze the techniques used by the author to convey information about a character, such as  - direct exposition (what is said about the character)  - character's actions (what the character does)  - character's thoughts (what the character thinks)  • analyze a character's development throughout the text, including  - dynamic character  - flat character  - static character  - round character  - caricature  - stereotype

- 9.4 The student will read and analyze a variety of informational materials (manuals, textbooks, business letters, newspapers, brochures, reports, catalogs) and nonfiction materials including journals, essays, speeches, biographies, and autobiographies.
  - a) Identify a position/argument to be confirmed, disproved, or modified.
  - b) Evaluate clarity and accuracy of information.
  - c) Synthesize information from sources and apply it in written and oral presentations.
  - d) Identify questions not answered by a selected text.
  - e) Extend general and specialized vocabulary through speaking, reading and writing.
  - f) Read and follow instructions to complete an assigned project or task.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
<ul> <li>This standard encourages the implementation and use of activities that support a process for reading.</li> <li>Students will understand before, during, and after reading strategies.</li> <li>Students will read and analyze a variety of nonfiction, informational materials.  Nonfiction is prose material that is factual or informational.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All students should</li> <li>employ activities that support the reading process</li> <li>understand that specialized vocabulary is vocabulary that is unique to a specific content, topic or discipline.</li> </ul>	To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  use before, during, and after reading strategies  identify a position/argument in a text  evaluate the clarity and accuracy of information found in informational texts  manuals  textbooks  business letters  newspapers  brochures  reports  catalogs  journals  essays  speeches  biographies  autobiographies  complete an assigned task  increase general and specialized vocabulary through speaking, reading, and writing.

Virginia Department of Education

DRAFT Grade Nine – Page 10

Standard 9.5 Strand: Reading Analysis Grade Level 9

- 9.5 The student will read dramatic selections.
  - a) Identify the two basic parts of drama: staging and scripting.
  - b) Compare and contrast the elements of character, setting, and plot in one-act plays and full-length plays.
  - c) Describe how stage directions help the reader understand a play's setting, mood, characters, plot, and theme.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
<ul> <li>Students will read one-act and full-length plays.</li> <li>Students will analyze various dramatic works.</li> <li>Students will understand how stage directions enhance the impact of dramatic selections in reading and in performance.</li> </ul>	All students should  understand that in short stories and novels, setting, mood, characters, plot, and theme are created through narration and dialogue. In contrast, the elements of setting and mood in dramatic selections are often revealed through staging	To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  identify the components of staging  lighting design and cues  costumes  set design  set decoration: properties/props  stage movement/blocking  voice: tone, pitch, inflection, emotion  facial expressions  make-up  curtain cues  music/sound effects  identify the components of scripting  dramatic structure: exposition, rising action, complication, conflict, climax, falling action, resolution, denouement (conclusion/resolution)  monologue  soliloquy  dialogue  aside  dialect  compare and contrast the elements of character, setting, and plot in or among one-act plays and full-length plays  describe how stage directions help the reader understand a play's setting, mood, characters, plot, and theme.

At the ninth-grade level, students will write narrative, literary, expository, and informational forms with an emphasis on analysis. As in every grade, daily writing experiences are essential for all ninth-grade students. They will develop as writers by participating in a process for writing: prewriting, organizing, composing, revising, editing, and publishing. Students will edit writings for correct grammar, capitalization, punctuation, spelling, sentence structure, and paragraphing.

Standard 9.6 Strand: Writing Grade Level 9

- 9.6 The student will develop narrative, expository, and informational writings to inform, explain, analyze, or entertain.
  - a) Generate, gather, and organize ideas for writing.
  - b) Plan and organize writing to address a specific audience and purpose.
  - c) Communicate clearly the purpose of the writing.
  - d) Write clear, varied sentences.
  - e) Use specific vocabulary and information.
  - f) Arrange paragraphs into a logical progression.
  - g) Revise writing for clarity.
  - h) Proofread and prepare final product for intended audience and purpose.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
<ul> <li>Students will plan, compose, revise, and edit writing in a variety of forms and for a variety of audiences and purposes.</li> <li>Writing will encompass narrative, expository, and informational forms.</li> <li>Students develop as writers by participating in a process for writing – prewriting, organizing, composing, revising, editing, and publishing.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All students should</li> <li>understand the writing process</li> <li>understand the importance of audience and purpose when writing</li> </ul>	To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  • develop written products that demonstrate their understanding of composing, written expression, and usage/mechanics  • proofread materials for intended audience and purpose.  • use prewriting strategies and organize their writing  • communicate the purpose of the writing  • write clear, varied sentences  • use specific vocabulary and information  • arrange paragraphs into a logical progression  • revise their writing for clarity.

- 9.7 The student will edit writing for correct use of language, sentence formation, punctuation, capitalization, and spelling as part of the writing process.
  - a) Use and apply rules for the parts of a sentence including: subject/verb, direct/indirect object and predicate nominative/predicate adjective.
  - b) Use parallel structures across sentences and paragraphs.
  - c) Use appositives and main/subordinate clauses.
  - d) Use commas and semicolons to distinguish and divide main and subordinate clauses.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
Students will focus on editing and the application of grammatical conventions in writing.	<ul> <li>All students should</li> <li>know the rules for the parts of a sentence</li> <li>understand that parallel structure means using the same grammatical form to express equal or parallel ideas</li> <li>understand that a main clause is an independent clause that expresses a complete thought and can stand alone as a sentence</li> <li>understand that a subordinate clause is a dependent clause and does not express a complete thought</li> <li>understand rules for commas and semicolons when dividing main and subordinate clauses.</li> </ul>	To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  • apply rules for sentence development, including:  - subject/verb - direct object - indirect object - predicate nominative - predicate adjective  • use parallel structure when - linking coordinate ideas - comparing or contrasting ideas - linking ideas with correlative conjunctions - bothand - eitheror - neithernor - not onlybut also  • distinguish and divide main and subordinate clauses using commas and semicolons.

At the ninth-grade level, students will develop skills in using print, electronic databases and online resources to access information. Students will also use a standard style method to credit sources of ideas used in research writing. Students will demonstrate correct understanding of grammatical conventions through the application of rule for correct use of language, spelling, and mechanics.

Standard 9.8 Strand: Research Grade Level 9

- 9.8 The student will credit the sources of both quoted and paraphrased ideas.
  - a) Define the meaning and consequences of plagiarism.
  - b) Distinguish one's own ideas from information created or discovered by others.
  - c) Use a style sheet, including MLA (Modern Language Association) or APA (American Psychological Association), for citing secondary sources.

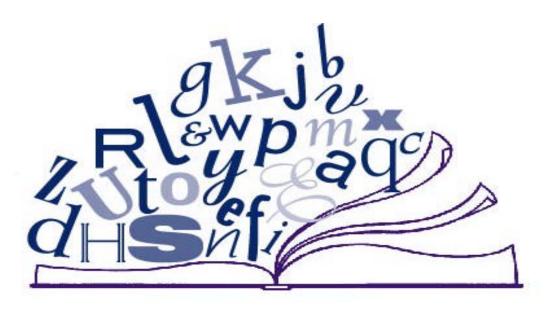
Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
<ul> <li>Students will differentiate their original thoughts and ideas from the thoughts and ideas of others.</li> <li>Students will distinguish common knowledge from information that is unique to a source or author.</li> <li>Students will use a standard style method such as MLA (Modern Language Association) or APA (American Psychological Association) to cite sources.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All students should</li> <li>understand the definition of plagiarism</li> <li>understand the consequences of plagiarism</li> <li>understand the format for citing sources of information.</li> </ul>	To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  • avoid plagiarism by  - defining plagiarism as the act of presenting someone else's ideas as one's own  - recognizing that one must correctly cite sources to give credit to the author of the original work  - recognizing that sources of information must be cited even when the information has been paraphrased  - using quotation marks when someone else's exact words are quoted  • distinguish one's own ideas from information created or discovered by others  • use a style sheet method to cite sources.  - Modern Language Association  - American Psychological Association

- 9.9 The student will use print, electronic databases, and online resources to access information.
  - a) Identify key terms specific to research tools and processes.
  - b) Narrow the focus of a search.
  - c) Scan and select resources.
  - d) Distinguish between reliable and questionable Internet sources and apply responsible use of technology.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
<ul> <li>Students will recognize that Internet, electronic databases, and online resources complement books and the traditional library as key avenues for accessing, organizing, and presenting information.</li> <li>Students will acquire skills in evaluating technology resources and how to embed electronic information in a research document.</li> </ul>	All students should     understand how to use electronic databases and online resources to conduct research     understand the rules for responsible use of technology.	To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  identify and use key terms, such as  electronic database  search engine  electronic mail  World Wide Web  Web browser  online services  hotlinks  narrow the focus of a search  identify useful search terms  combine search terms effectively to narrow a search  be able to scan research information and select resources based upon reliability, accuracy, and relevance to the purpose of the research  be able to evaluate resources and differentiate between Internet sources that are questionable and those that are reliable  apply the rules for responsible use of technology.

## **English Standards of Learning Curriculum Framework**

DRAFT Grade Ten



Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Education Richmond, Virginia 2003 At the tenth-grade level, students will become skilled communicators in small-group learning activities. They will assume and evaluate individual roles in presenting oral reports. They will also examine and critique the overall effectiveness of the group process. They will use grammatically correct language that is appropriate to the topic, audience, and purpose.

- 10.1 The student will participate in and report small-group learning activities.
  - a) Assume responsibility for specific group tasks.
  - b) Participate in the preparation of an outline or summary of the group activity.
  - c) Include all group members in oral presentation.
  - d) Use grammatically correct language including, vocabulary appropriate to the topic, audience, and purpose.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
Individual students will actively contribute to group activities and participate in small-group oral presentations.	<ul> <li>All students should</li> <li>assume responsibility for specific tasks</li> <li>make an effort to include all group members in the discussions and presentations.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To be successful with this standard, students are expected to</li> <li>participate in the preparation of an outline or summary of the group activity, including the preparation of their individual roles in the group presentation</li> <li>participate in small-group learning activities by contributing ideas and respectfully listening to and considering the views of the other group members</li> <li>use grammatically correct language.</li> </ul>

Standard 10.2 Strand: Oral Language Grade Level 10

- 10.2 The student will critique oral reports of small-group learning activities.
  - a) Evaluate one's own role in preparation and delivery of oral reports.
  - b) Evaluate effectiveness of group process in preparation and delivery of oral reports.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
<ul> <li>Students will evaluate their strengths and weaknesses when participating in small-group oral presentations.</li> <li>Students will examine their preparation, interaction, and performances as group members. In addition, students will evaluate the overall effectiveness of their group's preparation and presentation.</li> </ul>	All students should     periodically reflect on their own role during the process and at the conclusion of the activity.	To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  • define a specific role as a group member  • access and organize information as part of a group project  • evaluate their own roles in the preparation and delivery of oral reports  • critique and offer suggestions for improving their own group's presentations and their classmates' group presentations.

At the tenth-grade level, students will read, comprehend, critique and analyze a variety of literary works. They will interpret a variety of informational materials, such as labels, manuals, warranties, directions, applications, technical descriptions, contracts, and forms to complete specific tasks.

- 10.3 The student will read, comprehend, and critique literary works.
  - a) Identify text organization and structure.
  - b) Identify main and supporting ideas.
  - c) Make predictions, draw inferences, and connect prior knowledge to support reading comprehension.
  - d) Explain similarities and differences of techniques and literary forms represented in the literature of different cultures.
  - e) Identify universal themes prevalent in the literature of all cultures.
  - f) Examine a literary selection from several critical perspectives.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
Students will know how a variety of literary works, themes, and universal themes define literature. They will read a wide range of literary genres from different cultures and time periods in order to gain an appreciation of the cultural history and see the connections in images and themes that connect all peoples.	All students should	To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  identify organizational pattern and text structure for literary works.  know a variety of works from a variety of cultures, including  short stories  poems  plays  novels  essays  explain similarities and differences among genres in different cultures, such as  haiku  sonnets  fables  myths  continued

- 10.3 The student will read, comprehend, and critique literary works.
  - a) Identify text organization and structure.
  - b) Identify main and supporting ideas.
  - c) Make predictions, draw inferences, and connect prior knowledge to support reading comprehension.
  - d) Explain similarities and differences of techniques and literary forms represented in the literature of different cultures.
  - e) Identify universal themes prevalent in the literature of all cultures.
  - f) Examine a literary selection from several critical perspectives.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
		To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  • identify recurring cultural themes, such as  - struggles with nature  - survival of fittest  - coming of age  - power of love  - loss of innocence  - struggle with self  - disillusionment with life  - scientific progress  - power of nature  - alienation and isolation  - honoring the historical past  - good overcoming evil  - tolerance of the atypical
		continued

- 10.3 The student will read, comprehend, and critique literary works.
  - a) Identify text organization and structure.
  - b) Identify main and supporting ideas.
  - c) Make predictions, draw inferences, and connect prior knowledge to support reading comprehension.
  - d) Explain similarities and differences of techniques and literary forms represented in the literature of different cultures.
  - e) Identify universal themes prevalent in the literature of all cultures.
  - f) Examine a literary selection from several critical perspectives.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
		To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  • describe common cultural archetypes that pervade literature, such as the  - hero/heroine - trickster - faithful companion - outsider/outcast - rugged individualist - shrew - innocent - villain - caretaker - Earth mother - rebel - misfit  • examine a literary selection from several different critical perspectives.

- 10.4 The student will read and interpret informational materials.
  - a) Analyze and apply the information contained in warranties, contracts, job descriptions, technical descriptions, and other informational sources, including labels, warnings, manuals, directions, applications, and forms, to complete specific tasks.
  - b) Skim manuals or informational sources to locate information.
  - c) Compare and contrast product information contained in advertisements with instruction manuals and warranties.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
<ul> <li>Students will understand that reading informational text is fundamental to being a literate person in today's society.</li> <li>Students need to be skilled readers of informational texts and technical manuals and have the ability to apply different reading strategies when engaging with a variety of print materials.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All students should</li> <li>recognize that background knowledge may be necessary to understand handbooks and manuals</li> <li>read carefully the information in labels, warnings, directions, applications, and forms</li> <li>know that informational and technical writing is often nonlinear, fragmented, and graphicsupported</li> <li>understand reading strategies and how they are used to locate specific information in print materials.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To be successful with this standard, students are expected to</li> <li>understand the different formats and purposes of informational and technical texts</li> <li>locate specific information in manuals or other informational sources by using strategies, such as skimming, summarizing, and highlighting</li> <li>identify how format and style in consumer materials are different from those in narrative and expository text</li> <li>demonstrate an understanding of the information read by successfully completing simulations or actual tasks.</li> </ul>

- 10.5 The student will read and analyze a variety of poetry.
  - a) Compare and contrast the use of rhyme, rhythm, and sound to convey a message.
  - b) Compare and contrast the ways in which poets use techniques to evoke emotion in the reader.
  - c) Interpret and paraphrase the meaning of selected poems.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
<ul> <li>Students will read and analyze poetry, focusing on rhyme, rhythm, and sound.</li> <li>Students will compare and contrast poetic elements that poets use to evoke an emotional response.</li> <li>Students will interpret poetry and paraphrase meanings to reflect their understanding of the poems.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All students should</li> <li>understand rhyme, rhythm, and sound elements</li> <li>understand techniques poets use to evoke emotion in the reader</li> <li>demonstrate understanding of selected poems.</li> </ul>	To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  • compare and contrast rhyme, rhythm, and sound elements in order to aid in understanding the poem's message, including  - alliteration - assonance - blank verse - consonance - free verse - iambic pentameter - onomatopoeia - repetition - refrain - rhyme - approximate (slant) - end - internal - stanza forms - couplet - quatrain - sestet - octet (octave) continued

- 10.5 The student will read and analyze a variety of poetry.
  - a) Compare and contrast the use of rhyme, rhythm, and sound to convey a message.
  - b) Compare and contrast the ways in which poets use techniques to evoke emotion in the reader.
  - c) Interpret and paraphrase the meaning of selected poems.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
		To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  • compare and contrast the ways in which poets use techniques to evoke emotion in the reader, including  - figurative language  - metaphor  - simile  - rhythm  - diction  - meter  - rhyme  - tone  • interpret and paraphrase the meanings of selected poems.

- 10.6 The student will read and critique dramatic selections.
  - a) Explain the use of asides, soliloquies, and monologues in the development of a single character.
  - b) Compare and contrast character development in a play to characterization in other literary forms.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
<ul> <li>Students will be able to explain how characterization differs between drama and other literary forms.</li> <li>Students will identify and explain specific dramatic techniques used by playwrights.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All students should</li> <li>understand that characterization involves literary techniques used to create a character</li> <li>know that asides, soliloquies, and monologues focus on single characters, giving insight into their thinking and providing the audience with a deeper understanding of the play</li> <li>understand dramatic conventions.</li> </ul>	To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  • analyze the use of dialogue, special effects, music, and set to interpret characters  • compare and contrast character development in a play as compared to other literary forms, such as a short story or novel.  • Identify and describe dramatic conventions, such as  - aside  - soliloquy  - monologue  - irony  - dramatic  - verbal  - situational

At the tenth-grade level, students will develop their expository writing skills by analyzing and critiquing peer and professional writing. They will learn effective techniques of organization and development by analyzing, revising, and evaluating written forms and ideas. They will edit writing for correct use of language, sentence formation, punctuation, capitalization, and spelling as part of the writing process.

Standard 10.7 Strand: Writing Grade Level 10

- 10.7 The student will develop a variety of writings with an emphasis on exposition.
  - a) Generate, gather, plan and organize ideas for writing.
  - b) Elaborate ideas clearly through word choice and vivid description.
  - c) Write clear, varied sentences.
  - d) Organize ideas into a logical sequence.
  - e) Revise writing for clarity and content of presentation.
  - f) Proofread and prepare final product for intended audience and purpose.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
<ul> <li>Students will know how to move through the stages of a writing process, from planning to drafting, revising, editing, and proofreading in order to produce expository writing.</li> <li>Students will understand that expository writing is prose that explains ideas through the use of a clear general statement of the writer's point (thesis) and through the development of ideas, using specific evidence and illustrations for support.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All students should</li> <li>understand the writing process</li> <li>understand expository texts and develop products that reflect that understanding</li> <li>understand effective organizational patterns.</li> </ul>	To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  • write expository text that  - explains a process - compares and contrasts ideas - shows cause and effect - enumerates details - defines ideas and concepts  • develop written products that demonstrate their understanding of composing, written expression, and usage/mechanics  • plan and organize their ideas for writing • elaborate ideas clearly through word choice and vivid description  • vary sentence structures for effect • use visual and sensory language • develop ideas deductively and inductively and organize ideas into a logical sequence • use peer and self-evaluation to review and revise writing continued

Standard 10.7 continued Strand: Writing Grade Level 10

- 10.7 The student will develop a variety of writings with an emphasis on exposition.
  - a) General, gather, plan and organize ideas for writing.
  - b) Elaborate ideas clearly through word choice and vivid description.
  - c) Write clear, varied sentences.
  - d) Organize ideas into a logical sequence.
  - e) Revise writing for clarity and content of presentation.
  - f) Proofread and prepare final product for intended audience and purpose.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
		To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  • apply effective organizational patterns, such as comparison/contrast, chronological, spatial, cause-and-effect, definition, order of importance, explaining, listing, and problem/solution.  • revise writing for clarity and content of presentation  • proofread and prepare final product for intended audience and purpose.

Standard 10.8 Strand: Writing Grade Level 10

10.8 The student will edit writing for correct grammar, capitalization, punctuation, spelling, sentence structure, and paragraphing.

- a) Use a style manual, including MLA (Modern Language Association) or APA (American Psychological Association), to apply rule for punctuation and formatting of direct quotations.
- b) Apply rules governing use of the colon.
- c) Distinguish between active voice and passive voice.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
<ul> <li>Students will continue to build knowledge of grammar through the application of rules for parts of a sentence and text.</li> <li>Students will use a style manual, including MLA (Modern Language Association) or APA (American Psychological Association) to punctuate and format sentences and text.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All students should</li> <li>use a style manual for punctuation and formatting of direct quotations</li> <li>understand how to use colons</li> <li>understand that active voice is when the subject of a verb performs the action and passive voice is when the subject of a verb receives the action.</li> </ul>	To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  use direct quotations in their writing, and apply MLA or APA style for punctuation and formatting.  know and apply the rules for the use of a colon  before a list of items  before a long, formal statement or quotation  after the salutation of a business letter  distinguish between active voice and passive voice.

Standard 10.9 Strand: Writing Grade Level 10

- 10.9 The student will critique professional and peer writing.
  - a) Analyze the writing of others.
  - b) Describe how the author accomplishes the intended purpose of a writing.
  - c) Suggest how writing might be improved.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
<ul> <li>Students will be able to describe how writers accomplish their intended purpose.</li> <li>Students will analyze writings critically, using know ledge of composition, written expression, sentence formation, and usage/mechanics. They will also suggest ways that writings can be improved.</li> </ul>	All students should     understand the specific writing domains of composing, written expression, and usage/mechanics in what they read     understand how writers use organization and details to communicate their purposes.	To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  • identify and apply features of the writing domains, including  - effective organization - clear structure - sentence variety - unity and coherence - tone and voice - effective word choice - clear purpose - appropriate mechanics and usage - accurate and valuable information  • state a thesis and support it with examples • state a main idea and use details to explain it • use inductive organization to keep a reader in suspense • evaluate analytical writing by examining and understanding how individual parts of a text relate to the whole, including its purpose and structure • suggest how writing might be improved.

Standard 10.10 Strand: Writing Grade Level 10

10.10 The student will use writing to interpret, analyze, and evaluate ideas.

- a) Explain concepts contained in literature and other disciplines.
- b) Translate concepts into simpler or more easily understood terms.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
Through reader-response and critical analysis, students will understand their reactions to the writing and respond through formal critiques, paraphrasing ideas into a more concise format. In addition, they will make connections between literature and other disciplines.	All students should  • be able to respond to literature they read  • understand the connections between literature and other disciplines.	To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  • respond to what they read by writing summaries, interpretations, and comparisons of literary, informational, and technical texts  • use paraphrasing to summarize and synthesize ideas both in literature and content-area studies.

At the tenth-grade level, students will develop skills in accessing, evaluating, organizing, and presenting information in the research process. Students will also credit sources for quoted and paraphrased information. Students will present writing in a format appropriate for audience and purpose.

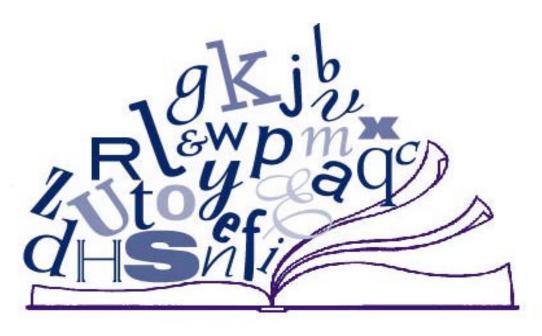
- 10.11 The student will collect, evaluate, organize, and present information.
  - a) Organize information from a variety of sources.
  - b) Develop the central idea or focus.
  - c) Verify the accuracy and usefulness of information.
  - d) Credit sources for both quoted and paraphrased ideas.
  - e) Present information in an appropriate format, such as oral presentations, written reports, or visual products.

f) Use technology to access information, organize ideas, and develop writing.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
Students will utilize a variety of sources to access ideas, check the information for accuracy and value, and organize the facts into an oral presentation, a written report, or a visual product.	<ul> <li>All students should</li> <li>understand the steps involved in organizing information gathered from research</li> <li>be able to verify the accuracy and usefulness of information</li> <li>understand how to credit sources of information.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To be successful with this standard, students are expected to</li> <li>use technology along with other resources to gather information from various sources</li> <li>evaluate the accuracy and relevance of information</li> <li>organize information coherently</li> <li>use organizational patterns, such as comparison/contrast, chronological, spatial, cause/effect, definition, order of importance, explaining, listing or enumeration, problem/solution</li> <li>cite primary and secondary sources of information, using the MLA (Modern Language Association) or APA (American Psychological Association) method of documentation.</li> </ul>

## **English Standards of Learning Curriculum Framework**

DRAFT Grade Eleven



Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Education Richmond, Virginia 2003 At the eleventh-grade level, students will use a variety of oral-communication skills and provide accurate evidence to give informative and persuasive oral presentations. They will also critique and assess the effectiveness of persuasive presentations by others.

- 11.1 The student will make informative and persuasive presentations.
  - a) Gather and organize evidence to support a position.
  - b) Present evidence clearly and convincingly.
  - c) Support and defend ideas in public forums.
  - d) Use grammatically correct language including, vocabulary appropriate to the topic, audience, and purpose.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
<ul> <li>Students will give effective informative, persuasive presentations, using appropriate oral-communication skills.</li> <li>Students will use grammatically correct language in preparation and presentation of ideas and thoughts.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All students should</li> <li>understand how reading, writing and discussion can be used to generate ideas and plan presentations</li> <li>understand how to support and defend their ideas</li> <li>understand rhetorical devices and techniques</li> <li>be able to identify speech appropriate for audience, topic, and situation.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To be successful with this standard, students are expected to</li> <li>define a position and select evidence to support that position through reading, writing, and discussion</li> <li>develop well-organized presentations to defend a position or present information</li> <li>apply persuasive rhetorical devices and techniques</li> <li>use effective evidence and oral-delivery skills to convince an audience</li> <li>make oral-language choices based on target audience response.</li> </ul>

- 11.2 The student will analyze and evaluate informative and persuasive presentations.
  - a) Critique the accuracy, relevance, and organization of evidence.
  - b) Critique the clarity and effectiveness of delivery.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
Students will become critical listeners by assessing the effectiveness of oral presentations.	<ul> <li>All students should</li> <li>understand effective oraldelivery techniques</li> <li>be able to evaluate and critique content and delivery of oral presentations.</li> </ul>	To be successful with this standard, students are expected to

- 11.2 The student will analyze and evaluate informative and persuasive presentations.
  - a) Critique the accuracy, relevance, and organization of evidence.
  - b) Critique the clarity and effectiveness of delivery.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
(Teacher Notes)		To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  • critique the accuracy, relevance, and organization of evidence  • critique the clarity and effectiveness of delivery.

At the eleventh-grade level, students will enhance their appreciation for literature by studying American literature, both classic and contemporary. They will read a variety of literary genre and informational texts to identify the prevalent themes in American literature that are reflective of American history and culture. In addition, students will identify the contributions of other cultures to the development of American literature.

- 11.3 The student will read and analyze relationships among American literature, history, and culture.
  - a) Describe contributions of different cultures to the development of American literature.
  - b) Compare and contrast the development of American literature in its historical context.
  - c) Discuss American literature as it reflects traditional and contemporary themes, motifs, universal characters, and genres.
  - d) Describe how use of context and language structures conveys an author's intent and viewpoint in contemporary and historical essays, speeches, and critical reviews.

## **Understanding the Standard Essential Understandings Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes** (Teacher Notes) All students should Students will understand literature as it To be successful with this standard, students are expected to relates to the cultural and historical period understand characteristics and discuss how the subject matter, style, literary type, theme, in which it was written. More specifically, cultures of historical periods and and purpose of literary works reflect the culture and events of students will recognize how authors are literary movements associated the times in which the works were written influenced by the ideas and values of their with each century describe and contrast historical periods from which particular times. For this reason, literary selections recognize and understand literary pieces derive and the cultures that they portray typically reflect not only the values and universal characters, themes, and describe and contrast literary movements associated with ideas of the authors who wrote them but motifs in American literature each century, such as also the values and ideas of the times in understand how author's intent is Colonialism/Puritanism (17th century) which they were written. Students will also achieved by the use of context Revolutionary/Rationalism (18th century) learn how the ideas presented in literary and language. Romanticism, Transcendentalism, Regionalism, works influence the values or conditions of Realism, Naturalism (19th century) the society in which the works were written. Symbolism/Modernism, Harlem Renaissance, Postmodernism (20th century) differentiate among universal characters in American literature, such as the hero/heroine rugged individualist trickster innocent continued

- 11.3 The student will read and analyze relationships among American literature, history, and culture.
  - a) Describe contributions of different cultures to the development of American literature.
  - b) Compare and contrast the development of American literature in its historical context.
  - c) Discuss American literature as it reflects traditional and contemporary themes, motifs, universal characters, and genres.
  - d) Describe how use of context and language structures conveys an author's intent and viewpoint in contemporary and historical essays, speeches, and critical reviews.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
		To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  I differentiate among universal characters in American literature, such as the  I faithful companion  Outsider/outcast  Villain  Caretaker  Earth mother  Indicated a home  I lonely orphan looking for a home  I dentify major themes in American literature, such as  I the American Dream  I loss of innocence  Coming of age  I relationship with nature  I relationship with society  I relationship with science  Alienation and isolation  Survival of the fittest  disillusionment  rebellion and protest  continued

- 11.3 The student will read and analyze relationships among American literature, history, and culture.
  - a) Describe contributions of different cultures to the development of American literature.
  - b) Compare and contrast the development of American literature in its historical context.
  - c) Discuss American literature as it reflects traditional and contemporary themes, motifs, universal characters, and genres.
  - d) Describe how use of context and language structures conveys an author's intent and viewpoint in contemporary and historical essays, speeches, and critical reviews.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
		To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  • describe the language choices and devices that authors use, such as  - rhetorical question - sarcasm - satire - parallelism - connotation/denotation - pun - irony - literal and figurative language - tone - word choice (diction) - dialect  • describe how the use of context and language structures conveys an author's intent and viewpoint.

- 11.4 The student will read and analyze a variety of informational material.
  - a) Use information from texts to clarify or refine understanding of academic concepts.
  - b) Read and follow directions to complete an application for college admission, for a scholarship, or for employment.
  - c) Apply concepts and use vocabulary in informational and technical materials to complete a task.
  - d) Generalize ideas from selections to make predictions about other texts.
  - e) Analyze information from a text to draw conclusions.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
Students will read, understand, and use a variety of informational texts. They will develop specific reading skills in order to generalize ideas, make predictions, and follow directions. They will identify and analyze the steps in their own reading process in order to broaden their critical understanding.	<ul> <li>All students should</li> <li>understand how to analyze informational material</li> <li>understand reading strategies and be able to use those strategies to analyze text.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To be successful with this standard, students are expected to</li> <li>analyze and use the basic vocabulary and concepts of informational texts in all disciplines</li> <li>develop effective applications, essays, resumes, and employment forms through simulations and real-life opportunities</li> <li>analyze key vocabulary, such as jargon, technical terms, and content-specific vocabulary</li> <li>know the purpose of the text they are to read and their own purpose in reading it</li> <li>identify main ideas and supporting details</li> <li>use format (page design and layout) to aid in understanding of text</li> <li>understand how an organizational pattern enhances the meaning of a text</li> <li>apply their knowledge of specific genres and forms to other texts.</li> </ul>

- 11.5 The student will read and critique a variety of poetry.
  - a) Analyze the poetic elements of contemporary and traditional poems.
  - b) Identify the poetic elements and techniques that are most appealing and that make poetry enjoyable.
  - c) Compare and contrast the works of contemporary and past American poets.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
<ul> <li>Students will read, analyze, critique, and compare a variety of contemporary and traditional poetry. They will develop an appreciation for poetic elements and techniques.</li> <li>A complete listing of poetic elements and techniques is included in tenth-grade SOL 10.5.</li> </ul>	All students should  • understand that classic poetry is poetry that has withstood the test of time, is written by recognized poets, and uses traditional elements.	To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  • identify and understand the elements of classic poetry  - elevated language/style - figurative language - rhyme - strong regularity in metrical patterns  • identify and discuss the elements and techniques that poets use to achieve a desired result, such as - imagery - precise word choice - sound devices - metrical patterns - metaphorical/figurative language  • use poetic elements to explain, analyze, and evaluate poetry  • compare and contrast the subject matter, theme, form, language, and purpose of works of classic poets with those of contemporary poets
		Continued

Standard 11.5 continued Strand: Reading Analysis Grade Level 11

- 11.5 The student will read and critique a variety of poetry.
  - a) Analyze the poetic elements of contemporary and traditional poems.
  - b) Identify the poetic elements and techniques that are most appealing and that make poetry enjoyable.
  - c) Compare and contrast the works of contemporary and past American poets.

Unders tanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
		To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  • read works by significant and representative poets from each literary movement associated with each century, such as  - Colonialism/Puritanism (17th century)  - Revolutionary/Rationalism (18th century)  - Romanticism, Transcendentalism, Regionalism, Realism, Naturalism (19th century)  - Symbolism/Modernism, Harlem Renaissance, Postmodernism (20th century)  - Contemporary (21st century)  - Symbolism/Modernism, Harlem Renaissance, Postmodernism (20th century)  - Contemporary (21st century)

- 11.6 The student will read and critique a variety of dramatic selections.
  - a) Describe the dramatic conventions or devices used by playwrights to present ideas.
  - b) Compare and evaluate adaptations and interpretations of script for stage, film, or television.
  - c) Explain the use of verbal, situational, and dramatic irony.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
<ul> <li>Students will read and critique a variety of dramatic selections.</li> <li>Students will identify and explain specific dramatic conventions or devices used by playwrights to present ideas.</li> <li>A complete listing of stage directions is included in the Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes for English SOL 9.5.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All students should</li> <li>understand dramatic conventions and devices used by playwrights to present ideas</li> <li>understand verbal, situational, and dramatic irony.</li> </ul>	To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  • identify and describe dramatic conventions, such as  - aside - stage directions - soliloquy - monologue - irony - dramatic - situational - verbal

At the eleventh-grade level, students will write in a variety of forms with an emphasis on persuasive essays and professional correspondence. Students will use their knowledge of genre, format, purpose, audience, and situation to produce clear and effective products that reflect all stages of the writing process.

Standard 11.7 Strand: Writing Grade Level 11

- 11.7 The student will develop a variety of writings with an emphasis on persuasion.
  - a) Generate, gather, plan, and organize ideas for writing.
  - b) Develop a focus for writing.
  - c) Evaluate and cite application information.
  - d) Organize ideas into a logical sequence.
  - e) Elaborate ideas clearly and accurately.
  - f) Adapt content, vocabulary, voice, and tone to audience, purpose, and situation.
  - g) Revise writing for accuracy and depth of information.
  - h) Proofread final copy and prepare document for intended audience or purpose.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
<ul> <li>Students will use a process for writing to communicate clearly and persuasively.</li> <li>Students will support a position by selecting valid information and amplifying their text logically.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All students should</li> <li>understand the writing process</li> <li>be able to locate and select appropriate information that supports a clear purpose and position</li> <li>understand vocabulary is used to develop voice and tone for a specific audience, purpose, or situation.</li> </ul>	To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  develop a clear focus for writing understand a variety of organizational patterns elaborate ideas clearly and accurately use specific revision strategies revise writing for accuracy and depth of information use standard MLA (Modern Language Association) or APA (American Psychological Association) form of documentation.

Standard 11.8 Strand: Writing Grade Level 11

- 11.8 The student will edit writing for correct use of language, sentence formation, punctuation, capitalization, and spelling as part of the writing process.
  - a) Use a style manual, including Modern Language Association (MLA) or American Psychological Association (APA), for producing research projects.
  - b) Apply rules governing the use of verbals (gerunds, infinitives and participles) and verbal phrases.
  - c) Adjust sentences and paragraph structures for a variety of purposes and audiences.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
<ul> <li>Students will use the MLA or APA style manual in producing research projects.</li> <li>Students will understand and apply rules for the use of verbals and verbal phrases.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All students should</li> <li>understand and apply the rules of the MLA or APA style manual in producing research projects</li> <li>understand verbals and verbal phrases and use them appropriately in writing</li> <li>use grammatical conventions to adjust sentence and paragraph structures for a variety of purposes and audiences.</li> </ul>	To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  • apply MLA (Modern Language Association) or APA (American Psychological Association) style for producing research projects.  • apply rules for verbals:  - Gerund - Infinitive - Participle  • apply rules for verbal phrases: - Participial phrase - Absolute phrase - Gerund phrase - Infinitive phrase

Standard 11.9 Strand: Writing Grade Level 11

- 11.9 The student will write, revise, and edit personal, professional, and informational correspondence to a standard acceptable in the work place and higher education.
  - a) Apply a variety of planning strategies to generate and organize ideas.
  - b) Organize information to support the purpose of the writing.
  - c) Present information in a logical manner.
  - d) Revise writing for clarity.
  - e) Use technology to access information, plan a composition, and develop writing.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
Students will write clear and accurate personal, professional, and informational correspondence. They will use a writing process to develop real-world, practical products.	<ul> <li>All students should</li> <li>understand the writing process</li> <li>understand a variety of organizational patterns</li> <li>understand revision strategies</li> <li>understand how to use models of professional and personal correspondence for their own purposes</li> <li>understand how technology can be used to access, develop, and modify documents.</li> </ul>	To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  • apply a variety of planning strategies to generate and organize ideas  • revise writing for style and language  • read and understand professional models of professional, personal, and informational correspondence, such as  - business and personal letters  - memos  - letters of recommendation  - cover letters  - resumes  - proposals  • use technology to access, develop, and modify documents for professional and informational purposes.

At the eleventh-grade level, students will engage in research that requires the selection, evaluation, use, and documentation of a variety of sources. Each student will present a research product that is clear written and accurately documented.

Standard 11.10 Strand: Research Grade Level 11

11.10 The student will analyze, evaluate, synthesize, and organize information from a variety of sources to produce a research product.

- a) Narrow a topic
- b) Develop a plan for research
- c) Collect information to support a thesis.
- d) Evaluate quality and accuracy of information.
- e) Synthesize information in a logical sequence.
- f) Document sources of information using a style sheet format, including MLA (Modern Language Association) or American Psychological Association (APA).
- g) Edit writing for clarity of content and effect.
- h) Edit copy for grammatically correct use of language, spelling, punctuation, and capitalization.
- i) Proofread final copy and prepare for publication or other use.
- i) Use technology to access information, organize ideas, and develop writing.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
<ul> <li>Students will compose a documented research product that is based on valid resources and procedures.</li> <li>Students will evaluate the quality and accuracy of information to ensure that it is up-to-date, factual, and reliable.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All students should</li> <li>understand how to evaluate sources of information to determine reliability</li> <li>understand how to develop a plan and collect information</li> <li>understand how to use technology to access, organize, and develop writing.</li> </ul>	To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  • preview resource materials to select a suitable topic  • develop a plan to gather and collect information  • identify a topic for research through a variety of strategies, such as  - mapping - listing - brainstorming - webbing  • apply formatting rules for sources, using MLA or APA style  • edit materials for to ensure correct grammar, spelling, punctuation, and capitalization  • utilize technology to do research, organize information, and develop writing.

## **English Standards of Learning Curriculum Framework**

DRAFT Grade Twelve



Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Education Richmond, Virginia 2003 At the twelfth-grade level, students will use organizational skills, audience awareness, appropriate vocabulary and grammar, and both verbal and nonverbal presentation skills to plan and deliver an effective 5–10 minute formal oral presentation.

- 12.1 The student will make a 5-10 minute formal oral presentation.
  - a) Choose the purpose of the presentation: to defend a position, to entertain an audience, or to explain information.
  - b) Use a well-structured narrative or logical argument.
  - c) Use details, illustrations, statistics, comparisons, and analogies to support purposes.
  - d) Use visual aids or technology to support presentation.
  - e) Use grammatically correct language, including vocabulary appropriate to the topic, audience, and purpose.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
Students will develop skills in preparing and delivering formal oral presentations. To this end, they will develop skills in identifying purpose, researching topics, developing content, and delivering presentations.	All students should  • recognize that the major purposes of speeches include exposition, persuasion, inspiration, entertainment, or marking special occasions, such as acceptance, welcome, or thank you	To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  use an order for developing the speech, such as  selection of a topic related to audience and situation  determination of purpose  research  development of an outline of introduction, body, and conclusion  practice  presentation  develop content through  a combination of facts and/or statistics  examples  illustrations  anecdotes and narratives  reference to experts  quotations  analogies and comparisons  logical argumentation of reasons

Standard 12.1 continued Strand: Oral Language Grade Level 12

- 12.1 The student will make a 5-10 minute formal oral presentation.
  - a) Choose the purpose of the presentation: to defend a position, to entertain an audience, or to explain information.
  - b) Use a well-structured narrative or logical argument.
  - c) Use details, illustrations, statistics, comparisons, and analogies to support purposes.
  - d) Use visual aids or technology to support presentation.
  - e) Use grammatically correct language, including vocabulary appropriate to the topic, audience, and purpose.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
	All students should     understand that semantics involves words and word order specifically chosen for meaning intended     recognize rhetoric as the art of persuasion, especially using devices such as repetition, parallelism, and rhetorical question.	To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  use effective delivery created through a combination of  clear purpose  organization and development of content  semantics  rhetoric  visual aids  vocal variety and strength  gestures, stance, and appropriate eye contact  sufficient practice of content and delivery  use appropriate and effective visual aids and/or technology to support presentations.

- 12.2 The student will analyze and evaluate formal presentations.
  - a) Critique relationships among purpose, audience, and content of presentations.
  - b) Critique effectiveness of presentations

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
Students will learn to evaluate the effectiveness of a speech and develop critiques of presentations.	All students should  • understand the components of effective presentations.	To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  • evaluate formal presentations by analyzing and critiquing the effectiveness of the speaker's demeanor, voice, language, gestures, clarity of thought, organization of evidence, relevance, and delivery  • analyze and critique the relationships among purpose, audience, and content of presentations.

At the twelfth-grade level, students will analyze British literature and literature of other cultures, with attention to the many classic works that may be studied. In addition, students will read informational and technical texts and continue to develop their own reading process skills.

- 12.3 The student will read and analyze the development of British literature and literature of other cultures.
  - a) Recognize major literary forms and their elements.
  - b) Recognize the characteristics of major chronological eras.
  - c) Relate literary works and authors to major themes and issues of their eras.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
<ul> <li>Students will understand how British literature has influenced and has been influenced by the literature of other cultures.</li> <li>Students will trace and examine the development of British literature and the literature of other cultures by focusing on recognition of characteristics of chronological periods and literary techniques. Students will relate literary works and their authors to major themes and issues.</li> </ul>	All students should     recognize literary techniques employed in major literary forms     recognize the characteristics of the major chronological eras and the literary movements associated with those eras.	To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  identify literary techniques  - epic  - tragedy  - comedy  - sonnet/other poetry  - essay  - journals/diaries  - satire  identify the characteristics of specific eras, such as  - Anglo Saxon period  - Middle Ages  - Renaissance  - 17th century — Neoclassical  - 18th century — Neoclassical  - 19th century — Romantic, Victorian  - 20th century — Modern, Postmodern
		continued

- 12.3 The student will read and analyze the development of British literature and literature of other cultures.
  - a) Recognize major literary forms and their elements.
  - b) Recognize the characteristics of major chronological eras.
  - c) Relate literary works and authors to major themes and issues of their eras.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
		To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  recognize major themes and issues related to  religious diversity  political struggles  ethnic and cultural mores and traditions  individual rights, gender equity, and civil rights.

- 12.4 The student will read and analyze a variety of informational materials, including electronic resources.
  - a) Identify formats common to new publications and information resources.
  - b) Recognize and apply specialized informational vocabulary.
  - c) Evaluate a product based on analysis of the accompanying warranty and instruction manual.
  - d) Evaluate the quality of informational and technical materials.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
Students will develop skill in analyzing, evaluating, and applying the format and content of a variety of informational and technical texts. Such informational and technical texts include statements of facts and information needed for decision-making.	All students should     understand formats common to information resources and new publications.	To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  • analyze informational and technical texts, such as  - product evaluations - warranties - instructional manuals - technical manuals - contracts - Web sites - E-zines - Search engines  • examine the format (structure) of an informational or technical text as a route to determining and analyzing its content  • draw conclusions regarding the quality of a product based on analysis of the accompanying warranty and instruction manual.

- 12.5 The student will read and critique a variety of poetry.
  - a) Explain how the choice of words in a poem creates tone and voice.
  - b) Explain how the sound of a poem (rhyme, rhythm, onomatopoeia, repetition, alliteration, assonance, and parallelism) supports the subject and mood.
  - c) Explain how imagery and figures of speech (personification, simile, metaphor) appeal to the reader's senses and experience.
  - d) Compare and contrast traditional and contemporary works of poets from many cultures.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
Students will understand that critical evaluation is the process of judging the merit or value of a piece of literature and that the process includes evaluating the author's effectiveness in integrating component parts to create a whole.	<ul> <li>All students should</li> <li>understand how the writer's choice of words reveals the content of the poem and the speaker's attitude regarding the content of the poem</li> <li>understand how the subject and mood of the poem are created through the use of sound structures</li> <li>understand how the reader's response to the poem is manipulated by imagery and figures of speech.</li> </ul>	To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  • identify sound structures, such as  - rhyme - rhythm - onomatopoeia - repetition - alliteration - assonance - parallelism  • explain how the reader's response to the poem is manipulated by imagery and figures of speech, such as  - metaphor - simile - analogy - symbolism - personification - paradox - oxymoron - apostrophe - allusion - imagery

- **Grade Level 12**
- 12.6 The student will read and critique dramatic selections from a variety of authors.
  - a) Describe the conflict, plot, climax, and setting.
  - b) Compare and contrast ways in which character, scene, dialogue and staging contribute to the theme and the dramatic effect.
  - c) Identify the most effective elements of selected plays.
  - d) Compare and contrast dramatic elements of plays from American, British, and other cultures.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
Students will use critical analysis to judge the merit of a dramatic selection. Critical analysis includes determining the author's effectiveness in integrating component parts of a drama to create a whole.	<ul> <li>All students should</li> <li>understand traditional and contemporary works of authors from a variety of cultures</li> <li>understand the most effective elements of a play.</li> </ul>	To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  explain how dramatic conflict is created through  exposition  rising action  climax or crisis  falling action  denouement/resolution  explain how a dramatist's use of dialogue reveals the theme of a drama  compare and contrast the use of dialogue and staging between or among a variety of plays  dentify the most effective elements of selected plays  compare and contrast the use of exposition, rising action, climax or crisis, falling action, and denouement/resolution among plays from various cultures.

At the twelfth-grade level, students will produce informational and expository papers that are logically organized and contain clear and accurate ideas.

- 12.7 The student will develop expository and informational writings.
  - a) Generate, gather, and organize ideas for writing.
  - b) Consider audience and purpose when planning for writing.
  - c) Write analytically about literary, informational, and visual materials.
  - d) Elaborate ideas clearly and accurately.
  - e) Revise writing for depth of information and technique of presentation.
  - f) Apply grammatically conventions to edit writing for correct use of language, spelling, punctuation, and capitalization.
  - g) Proofread final copy and prepare document for publication or other use.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
The intent of this standard is that students will develop skill in creating expository and technical writings. Technical writing is prose that explains or clarifies information of a specialized nature for a targeted audience.	All students should  • understand the format in order to determine the sequence of a writing. (The sequence in technical writing may be determined by the format of the task, for example, filling in blanks and answering questions.)	To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  • plan technical writings that address a clearly identified audience and have a clearly identified purpose (e.g., personal data sheet, resume, job description, questionnaire, job application, business communication).  • generate expository writings that  - explain ideas through a clear general statement of the writer's point (thesis)  - use specific evidence and illustrations  - provide concise and accurate information

Standard 12.7 continued Strand: Writing Grade Level 12

- 12.7 The student will develop expository and informational writings.
  - a) Generate, gather, and organize ideas for writing.
  - b) Consider audience and purpose when planning for writing.
  - c) Write analytically about literary, informational, and visual materials.
  - d) Elaborate ideas clearly and accurately.
  - e) Revise writing for depth of information and technique of presentation.
  - f) Apply grammatically conventions to edit writing for correct use of language, spelling, punctuation, and capitalization.
  - g) Proofread final copy and prepare document for publication or other use.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
		To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  • develop analytical essays that  - examine a process  - make a comparison  - propose solutions  - classify  - define  - show cause and effect  - illustrate problems  - evaluate  • develop ideas in a logical sequence  • elaborate on ideas for clarity and accuracy.  • revise writing to provide depth of information and to adhere to presentation format  • edit writings for correct use of language, spelling, punctuation, and capitalization  • proofread writing before submitting the final copy.

At the twelfth-grade level, students will produce well-documented research papers using a standard method of documentation, either MLA (Modern Language Association) or APA (American Psychological Association).

- 12.8 The student will write documented research papers.
  - a) Identify and understand the ethical issues of research and documentation.
  - b) Evaluate the accuracy and usefulness of information.
  - c) Synthesize information to support the thesis.
  - d) Present information in a logical manner.
  - e) Cite sources of information using a standard method of documentation, including Modern Language Association (MLA) or American Psychological Association (APA).
  - f) Edit copies for correct use of language, capitalization, punctuation, and spelling in final copies.
  - g) Proofread final copy and prepare document for publication or other use.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
<ul> <li>Students will research topics and develop documented papers that support a thesis. A documented paper is the result of following a process leading to discovery of information that is then synthesized to support a focus on a particular topic through content, style, structure, and presentation.</li> <li>Students must avoid committing plagiarism.</li> </ul>	All students should     understand how to gather information and analyze it to organize and begin the writing process.	To be successful with this standard, students are expected to  collect information, using a variety of print and electronic sources  evaluate information by  determining its validity, accuracy, and quality  formulating a reason/focus to represent findings  record and organize information into a draft by  prioritizing information  developing an outline with appropriate details  summarizing, paraphrasing, or selecting direct quotations.
		continued

- 12.8 The student will write documented research papers.
  - a) Identify and understand the ethical issues of research and documentation.
  - b) Evaluate the accuracy and usefulness of information.
  - c) Synthesize information to support the thesis.
  - d) Present information in a logical manner.
  - e) Cite sources of information using a standard method of documentation, including Modern Language Association (MLA) or American Psychological Association (APA).
  - f) Edit copies for correct use of language, capitalization, punctuation, and spelling in final copies.
  - g) Proofread final copy and prepare document for publication or other use.

Understanding the Standard (Teacher Notes)	Essential Understandings	Essential Knowledge, Skills, or Processes
		<ul> <li>To be successful with this standard, students are expected to</li> <li>revise and edit to comply with major expectations of the requirements of the assignment</li> <li>cite sources of information using MLA (Modern Language Association) or APA (American Psychological Association) style method</li> <li>edit copies for correct use of language, capitalization, punctuation, and spelling</li> <li>avoid committing plagiarism</li> </ul>